



## Paediatric dentistry and dental prophylaxis

<b>1. IMPRINT</b>	
<b>Academic Year</b>	2023/2024
<b>Department</b>	Faculty of Medicine and Dentistry
<b>Field of study</b>	English Dentistry Division
<b>Main scientific discipline</b>	Medical sciences
<b>Study Profile</b>	General academic
<b>Level of studies</b>	Uniform MSc
<b>Form of studies</b>	Full-time program
<b>Type of module / course</b>	Obligatory
<b>Form of verification of learning outcomes</b>	Completion
<b>Educational Unit / Educational Units</b>	<p>Department of Paediatric Dentistry of WUM                      Binieckiego 6 street                      02-097 Warsaw, phone number: 22 116 64 24                      e-mail: pedodoncja@wum.edu.pl</p> <p>Department of Dental Microbiology, WUM                      Banacha 1a street                      02-097 Warsaw, phone number: 22 59 91 777                      e-mail: zms1@wum.edu.pl</p>

<b>Head of Educational Unit / Heads of Educational Units</b>	prof. dr hab. n. med. Dorota Olczak-Kowalczyk Department of Paediatric Dentistry  dr hab. n. med. Edyta Podsiadły Department of Dental Microbiology	
<b>Course coordinator</b>	prof. dr hab. n. med. Dorota Olczak-Kowalczyk dorota.olczak-kowalczyk@wum.edu.pl	
<b>Person responsible for syllabus</b>	lek. dent. Karolina Spodzieja karolina.spodzieja@wum.edu.pl	
<b>Lecturers</b>	<p><b>Department of Paediatric Dentistry</b></p> prof. dr hab. n. med. Dorota Olczak-Kowalczyk dorota.olczak-kowalczyk@wum.edu.pl dr hab. n. med. Anna Turska-Szybka anna.turska-szybka@wum.edu.pl dr n. med. Halszka Boguszewska-Gutenbaum halszka.boguszewska@wum.edu.pl dr n. med. Iwona Sobiech iwona.sobiech@wum.edu.pl dr n. med. Piotr Sobiech piotr.sobiech@wum.edu.pl dr n. med. Paula Piekoszewska-Ziętek ppiekoszewska@wum.edu.pl dr n. med. Angelika Kobylńska angelika.kalinska@wum.edu.pl dr n. med. Katarzyna Białoszewska katarzyna.bialoszewska@wum.edu.pl lek. dent. Małgorzata Dudek malgorzata.dudek@wum.edu.pl lek. dent. Maja Lipiec maja.lipiec@wum.edu.pl lek. dent. Michał Gefrerer michal.gefrerer@wum.edu.pl lek. dent. Gabriela Grochowska ggrochowska@wum.edu.pl lek. dent. Andrzej Kołodziejczyk andrzej.kolodziejczyk@wum.edu.pl lek. dent. Sara Shamsa-Nieckuła sara.shamsa@wum.edu.pl lek. dent. Karolina Spodzieja karolina.spodzieja@wum.edu.pl lek. dent. Wiktoria Mól wiktoria.mol@wum.edu.pl lek. dent. Renata Węgrzyn renata.wegrzyn@wum.edu.pl lek. dent. Barbara Kapuścińska barbara.kapuscinska@wum.edu.pl	
	<p><b>Department of Dental Microbiology</b></p> dr n. med. Magdalena Sikora magdalena.sikora@wum.edu.pl mgr Dariusz Bańka dariusz.banka@wum.edu.pl	

<b>2. BASIC INFORMATION</b>			
<b>Year and semester of studies</b>	2 <sup>nd</sup> year, 4 <sup>th</sup> semester	<b>Number of ECTS credits</b>	3.00
<b>FORM OF CONDUCTING CLASSES</b>		<b>Number of hours</b>	<b>ECTS credits calculation</b>
<b>Contact hours with an academic teacher</b>			
lecture (L) (in the form of e-learning)		4	0,16
Seminar (S)		6	0,24

Exercises (E)	23	0,92
e-learning (e-L)		
Practical classes (PC)		
Professional practice (PP)		
<b>Student independent work</b>		
Preparation for classes and completions	42	1,68

### 3. COURSE OBJECTIVES

C1	Acquiring knowledge about dental prophylaxis in children and adolescents taking into account the risk of caries disease.
C2	Preparation for the ability to perform clinical prophylactic procedures in patients of developmental age.
C3	Acquiring skills to conduct group and individual educational activities among children and adolescents.

### 4. STANDARDS OF LEARNING – DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF EFFECTS OF LEARNING *(concerns fields of study regulated by the Regulation of Minister of Science and Higher Education from 26 of July 2019; does not apply to other fields of study)*

Code and number of effect of learning in accordance with standards of learning <i>(in accordance with appendix to the Regulation of Minister of Science and Higher education from 26th of July 2019)</i>	Effects in terms of
<b>Knowledge – Graduate* knows and understands:</b>	
C.W23.	equipment of the dental office and instruments used in dental treatment;
C.W24.	the definition and classification of primary and auxiliary dental materials;
F.W2.	principles of preventive and therapeutic treatment in diseases of the masticatory system in different periods of development;
F.W3.	viral, bacterial and fungal flora of the oral cavity and its importance;
F.W21.	prevention of oral diseases;
D.W30.	basic nutrients, the body's need for them, their importance, physiological availability and metabolism and dietary sources;
D.W4.	the importance of verbal and non-verbal communication in the process of communication with the patient and the concept of trust in interaction with the patient;
D.W6.	basic psychological mechanisms of human functioning in health and illness;

D.W25.	toxic effects of selected drugs, addictive substances, psychoactive substances and other chemicals and rules for dealing with poisoning;
G.W3.	basic concepts in the field of prevention, health promotion and environmental hygiene;
G.W4.	basic concepts related to the health, lifestyle and health status of the population;
G.W5.	methods for determining the health needs of the population;
G.W15.	principles of disease prevention and improvement of health;
<b>Skills – Graduate* can:</b>	
F.U1.	conduct a medical interview with the patient or his family;
F.U2.	perform a dental physical examination of the patient;
F.U7.	determine indications and contraindications for a specific dental procedure;
F.U13.	present selected medical problems orally or in writing, in a manner adequate to the level of recipients;
F.U14.	assess the risk of caries using bacteriological tests and saliva tests;
G.U7.	plan activities in the field of prevention and health promotion and implement promotional activities concerning the health of the population;
G.U15.	provide the patient with the necessary information in the field of oral cavity health promotion;
B.U1.	relate chemical phenomena to oral processes;
B.U2.	interpret physical phenomena occurring in the masticatory organ;
C.U3.	select and perform tests indicating the abundance of bacteria in body fluids;
C.U4.	predict and explain complex pathomechanisms of disorders leading to the formation of diseases;
G.U5.	create simple research programs in the field of prevention and treatment;
D.U31.	provide information on the use of nutritional preparations and dietary supplements;
E.U14.	educate the patient about the medicines they use and other problems related to their health and illness and prepare individualized educational materials for the patient;
B.U14.	prepare educational materials for the patient and his family as part of health counseling.

\*The annexes to the Regulation of the Minister of National Heritage of 26 July 2019 refer to a "graduate", not a student

<b>5. OTHER LEARNING OUTCOMES</b> <i>(optional)</i>	
<b>Learning outcome number</b>	<b>Effects in terms of</b>
<b>Knowledge – The graduate knows and understands:</b>	
<b>Skills – The graduate can:</b>	

<b>Social competences – The graduate is ready to:</b>	

<b>6. CLASSES</b>		
<b>Form of classes</b>	<b>Program content</b>	<b>Learning outcomes</b>
<b>Lectures</b>	<p>L1- *Lecture 1: Etiopathogenesis and epidemiology of tooth decay in children and adolescents. Early childhood caries. General rules for the prevention of caries disease in children. Why should the risk of caries be assessed and how to do it?</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Prevalence and level of tooth decay in children in Poland.</li> <li>2. Indicators of caries.</li> <li>3. Pathogenesis of the carious process - dynamic balance between demineralization and remineralization.</li> <li>4. Prevention factors and risk factors for tooth decay.</li> <li>5. Oral health of a pregnant woman and health behaviors and tooth decay in a child, i.e. primary and originally primary prevention.</li> <li>6. Principles of individualised risk-based dental care planning.</li> <li>7. Methods for assessing the level of caries risk: CAMBRA, Cariogram, ICCMS, assessment according to CariesCare.</li> <li>8. Interview, clinical evaluation and additional tests.</li> </ol>	<p>F.W21. F.W3. D.W30. G.W3. G.W4. G.W5. G.W15. F.U1. G.U5.</p>
	<p>L2- *Lecture 2 : Methods to reduce the impact of cariogenic bacteria. Fluoride in the prevention of caries (endo- and exogenous prophylaxis). Safety of fluoride prophylaxis</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Ecological hypothesis of caries microbiome dysbiosis. Interventions delaying the colonization of the child's oral cavity with cariogenic bacteria, reducing the number of cariogenic bacteria and cariogenic bacterial biofilm – mechanical removal of plaque, antibacterial agents, probiotics and prebiotics, sugar substitutes.</li> <li>2. Karyostatic mechanisms of fluoride action. Pre- and post-eruption effects of fluoride (depending on the concentration of fluoride in the environment).</li> <li>3. Sources of fluoride.</li> <li>4. Methods of fluoride prophylaxis: endogenous and exogenous.</li> <li>5. Safety of professional fluoride prophylaxis.</li> <li>6. Risk of dental fluorosis and acute poisoning.</li> <li>7. Dental fluorosis (risk, clinical picture of fluorosis and classification).</li> <li>8. Acute and chronic poisoning (probable toxic dose F for children, symptoms of acute poisoning and treatment, extradental effects of chronic exposure to excessive doses of fluoride).</li> </ol> <p>* The lectures will take place on the e-learning platform. Made available to students at the time resulting from the timetable.</p>	<p>F.W21. D.W30. G.W3. G.W15. B.U1. D.U31. D.W25.</p>
<b>Seminars</b>	<p>S1- Seminar 1. Diet for the prevention of dental caries.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Diet for the prevention of tooth decay. Diet and odontogenesis - the importance of proteins, vitamins and microelements. The pyramid of nutrition and healthy lifestyle. Method and quality of nutrition: breastfeeding/artificial, frequency of meals, consistency and type of food.</li> </ol>	<p>D.W30. F.W2. F.W3. F.W.21 F.U7. F.U14.</p>

	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>2. Cariogenic foods (carbohydrate content, consistency, rate of removal from the mouth, retention). Karyostatic products (xylitol, dairy products, m.in. hard cheeses containing arginine). The role of food in stimulating salivation. Probiotics for the prevention of tooth decay. How to assess the patient's diet (interview/nutritional calendar). The most common dietary mistakes in individual age groups. Dietary recommendations depending on the age of the child.</li> <li>3. Limiting the impact of bacteria - reducing the number: mechanical, chemical and other methods, limiting access to places at risk of caries development, i.e. sealing of pits and fissures.</li> <li>4. Mechanical removal of plaque (home and professional methods). Ways of brushing teeth in different age groups, manual and electric toothbrushes - advantages and disadvantages, toothpaste, dental floss, tongue cleaning. Plaque staining, a way to assess oral hygiene (OHI, PLI). Hygienic instruction depending on age.</li> <li>5. Chemical and other methods of reducing the abundance of cariogenic bacteria (fluoride, chlorhexidine, baking soda, iodine povidone, xylitol, ozone, silver nitrate). Means and methods of their use at home and in the dentist's office.</li> <li>6. Sealing of fissures and anatomical cavities (qualification criteria and indications for the procedure, selection of material to be sealed, method of treatment using glass-ionomer cement and polymer sealant).</li> </ol>	<p>G.W3. G.W4 G.U7. C.W24. C.W23. C.U3.</p>
	<p>S2- Seminar 2. Types of fluoride prophylaxis</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Types of fluoride prophylaxis (endogenous/exogenous, mass/group/individual). Individual fluoride prophylaxis - means and methods of application at home and in the dental office (drops / tablets, toothpastes, rinses, gels / foams and varnishes). Rules for their use in children and adolescents (home and professional prevention in accordance with age and the level of risk of caries). Application procedures.</li> <li>2. Methods of supporting remineralization. Carious stain – definition, histological and clinical picture, activity. Mechanism and conditions of remineralization of carious lesions limited to enamel (limiting the influence of bacteria, raising the pH of the oral environment, necessary ions). Stimulation of salivation (chewing gum, diet, pharmacological stimulation, others).</li> <li>3. Methods and means used in the remineralization of carious spots – fluorine (agents containing low and high concentrations of F ions), calcium and phosphate ions (ACP, CPP-ACP, CPP-ACPF, CSPS, TCP, hydroxyapatite).</li> </ol>	<p>F.W2. F.W3. F.U1. G.W3. G.W4. G.U7. B.U1. B.U2. D.W30.</p>
	<p>S3. Seminar 3. Assessment of the risk of caries. Pro-health education as an element of caries disease prevention.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Caries risk assessment and dental care planning. Use of risk assessment forms in assessing its level. Planning preventive activities depending on the level of caries risk, the child's age, individual needs and the quality of cooperation with the child and parents. Clinical cases.</li> </ol> <p>Pro-health education as an element of caries disease prevention. Definition and models of health education (health-oriented, risk-oriented, disease-oriented). Elements of education: transfer of knowledge, formation of skills and attitudes. Educational content and</p>	<p>F.W2. F.W21. F.U13. F.U14. D.W4. D.W6. G.W3. G.W17. G.U7. E.U14.</p>

	methods of its transmission to pregnant women, mothers of children up to three years of age, pre-school children, schoolchildren and adolescents. Principles of individual and group education, direct and indirect (educational tools). Motivation. Test Colloquium.	
	Exercises carried out in the Department of Paediatric Dentistry	
<b>Exercise</b>	E1 – Exercise 1. Dental instruments. Basic instruments used in paediatric dentistry – types of drills, diagnostic tools, dental materials and work techniques.	F.U1. F.U2. F.U3. F.U7. F.U14.
	E2 – – Exercise 2. General medical and dental history. Caries risk assessment. Collecting the correct anamnesis – general, dental, dietetic and hygienic. Conducting extraoral and intraoral examination. Diagramming. Risk assessment of caries disease.	D.U4. G.U7. B.W13. C.W23.
	E3 – – Exercise 3. Prophylactic procedures. Prophylactic procedures – sealing, fluoridation, tooth cleaning. Conduct hygiene instruction depending on age.	F.U13. G.U5. G.U7. G.U15. E.U14.
	E4 - – Exercise 4. Preventive procedures - practical part. Instruments and materials used for the procedure of sealing fissures. Conducting the procedure by students on a phantom.	C.W23. F.W2. F.W21. F.U7.
	E5 - – Exercise 5. Indicators of hygiene and caries. Calculation of caries indicators (Frequency of caries, DMFT, DMFS, SiC) and hygiene indicators (API, OHI-S, Pl.I.). Plaque staining agents.	G.W4. G.W5. F.U2. G.U7.
	E6, E7 – – Exercise 6., 7. Preparation of an educational program. Preparation and discussion of the presentation of an educational program for preschool children on the prevention of caries.	D.U4. G.U5. G.U7. E.U14
	E8 - – Exercise 8. Preventive classes conducted in kindergartens. Presentation of the program. Presentation of an educational program on the prevention of caries disease, dietary and hygienic habits, in the form of games and activities for preschool children during a lesson organized in kindergarten.	F.W2. F.W21. D.W30. G.W3. G.W15. G.U15. D.U31.
	Exercises carried out in the Department of Dental Microbiology	
	E9 – – Exercise 9. Bacterial factors in the caries risk assessment – theoretical and practical part. Bacterial factors in the caries risk assessment - current scientific reports in the field of metagenomic research in people with tooth decay and healthy people. Practical part: tests to be performed in dental office (e.g. Saliva check buffer, CRT Buffer).	F.W3 . B.U1. B.U2. F.U14. C.U3.

## **7. LITERATURE**

### **Mandatory**

1. Kompendium stomatologii wieku rozwojowego, pod redakcją prof. dr hab. n. med. Doroty Olczak – Kowalczyk, praca zbiorowa, Med. Tour Press International, 2023.
2. Współczesna stomatologia wieku rozwojowego, pod red. D. Olczak-Kowalczyk, J. Szczepańskiej, U. Kaczmarek, Med Tour Press International, Otwock 2017
3. Pediatric Dentistry Cameron A.C., Widmer R.P., Polish second edition edited U. Kaczmarek, Urban & Partner, Wrocław 2013.
4. Prevention and Treatment of Caries in Children edited by D. Olczak-Kowalczyk and L. Wagner, Borgis Medical Publishing House, Warsaw, 2013.
5. Wprowadzenie do stomatologii dziecięcej, pod red. D. Olczak-Kowalczyk i L. Wagnera, Warszawa, WUM, 2012.

### **Supplementary**

New Dentistry, Quarterly, Borgis Medical Publishing House. Warsaw

<b>8. WAYS OF ASSESSING LEARNING OUTCOMES</b>		
<b>Symbol of the learning outcome:</b>	<b>Ways to verify the learning outcome:</b>	<b>Passing criterion</b>
A.W6. B.W6. B.W13. C.W23. D.W4. D.W6. F.W2. F.W3. F.W21. G.W3. G.W4. G.W5. G.W15 G.W17. D.W25. D.W30.	Oral check of preparation for each seminar.  Test colloquium including content presented at lectures and seminars.  The first and second dates of the colloquium are in the form of a test (20 single-choice questions). In the event of non-passing, the commission colloquium may be held only with the consent of the Head of the Department. Passing the colloquium entitles the student to approach the exercise part.	Active participation in seminars.  Passing  Test colloquium – 60% correct answers. Grade      Criterion 2,0 (ndst) <12 pts 3,0 (dst)    12-13 pts 3,5 (ddb)    14-15 pts 4,0 (db)     16-17 pts 4,5 (pdb)    18-19 pts 5,0 (bdb)    20 pts
B.U2. C.U3. D.U4. D.U14. F.U1. F.U2. F.U3. F.U7. F.U13. F.U14. G.U5. G.U15. E.U14. G.U7. D.U31.	Preparation and conduct of educational activities in kindergarten on the prevention of caries disease, proper dietary and hygienic habits.  Components of the presentation: 1. Presentation of dietary recommendations 2. Presentation of preventive recommendations 3. Presentation of hygiene recommendations 4. The way of presentation and the ability to talk to children  The condition for passing the course is attendance at lectures, seminars, positive passing of the test colloquium, active participation in exercises and preparation and conduct of preventive classes among preschool children.	Preparation of an educational program for a lesson in kindergarten. The substantive content, presentation, commitment and creativity are evaluated. A total of 20 points to be earned, 5 points for each component of the presentation. Grade      Criterion 2,0 (ndst) <12 pts 3,0 (dst)    12-13 pts 3,5 (ddb)    14-15 pts 4,0 (db)     16-17 pts 4,5 (pdb)    18-19 pts 5,0 (bdb)    20 pts

## **9. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION**

1. The subject "Paediatric dentistry and dental prophylaxis" is carried out in the Department of Paediatric Dentistry of the Medical University of Warsaw and the Department of Dental Microbiology of the Medical University of Warsaw.
2. The condition for passing the course is attendance at lectures, seminars, exercises and obtaining more than 60% points of the test colloquium. The colloquium consists of 20 test questions. In the event of failure the student is entitled to a second correction date, which is in the form of a test. If the second term is not passed, the commission colloquium may be held with the consent of the Head of the Department.
3. The lectures convey the latest reports, consensus and the latest standards in the field of paediatric dentistry. Attendance at lectures is an essential element for the acquisition of modern knowledge and at the same time is an element of exam questions. During lectures, the attendance list is verified.
4. Person responsible for teaching in 2nd year –lek. dent. Karolina Spodzieja, karolina.spodzieja@wum.edu.pl
5. Information on consultation hours is placed on the notice board in the Department.
6. The student reports to the classes with protective clothing and an ID containing the information: student, year, name, surname, as well as with shoes for a change. Bags must be stowed in lockers located in clinical rooms.
7. Please do not use mobile phones during classes.
8. Please come to class on time. Late over 15 minutes is treated as an absence.
9. Alternatively, absences from classes should be reported to the teacher/tutor of the year and made up with another group. Only excused absences can be made up.
10. Student Scientific Club at the Department of Paediatric Dentistry of the Medical University of Warsaw  
Guardian of the Scientific Club - dr hab. n. med. Anna Turska-Szybka  
Department of Paediatric Dentistry WUM, Binieckiego 6 street, 02-097 Warsaw,  
Phone number.: 22 116 64 24 e-mail: pedodoncja@wum.edu.pl, anna.turska-szybka@wum.edu.pl

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### **ATTENTION**

The final 10 minutes of the last class in the block/semester/year should be allocated to students completing the Assessment of Classes and Academic Teachers Questionnaire